Finding Your Root!



Presented by

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South Side School & Omaha Districts

Where Do You Start?

- Understand significant disproportionality
- Understand how the district got there
- Review district data (3 year pattern)
- Select your Dispro Working Team
- Begin the Work!





Understand Why

- The methodology used for identification by disability categories (autism, emotional disturbance, intellectual disability, other health impairment, speech language impairment, & specific learning disabilities)
- **Bottom Line:** If your district exceeded a risk ratio of 3 for the same specific race & disability for 3 consecutive years the district will flag



Understand How

- Conduct Root Cause Analysis
- Complete Success Gap Rubric
- Complete Disproportionality Self-assessment:
 - Include individual student worksheets
- Submit CCEIS application to DESE Special Education Finance



Understand How

- Budget 15% of next year's Part B allocation for the provision of CCEIS to general ed students and/or current special education students
 - Students receiving services under CCEIS MUST be comprised of more than 50% non-disabled students
- Track students served in Early Intervening module in eSchool
- Report students in Cycle 7

Data from South Side

Fiscal Year	Risk Ratio
2017	3.11
2018	3.05
2019	3.30
2020	2.99

You can't fix it if you don't know what's wrong!

- We selected our Dispro team: LEA Supervisor, School
 Psychology Specialist, Principals (Elementary & High School),
 Special Ed Teachers (2), Counselors (2), and General education teacher (1).
- We began crunching the data: Pulled eSchool data: School Age Detail Information List (RPT 730-SIS); Cycle 4
 - Began review of 100% of students placed under category of OHI

A Root Cause is the most basic reason the problem occurs *Total Quality Schools*, by Joseph C. Fields

- 4 Levels of Root Causes
 - Incident or Procedural: Root cause at South Side
 - Programmatic or process
 - Systemic
 - External
- Conducting the Root Cause Analysis

"No matter how good the team or how efficient the methodology, if we're not solving the right problem, the project fails"

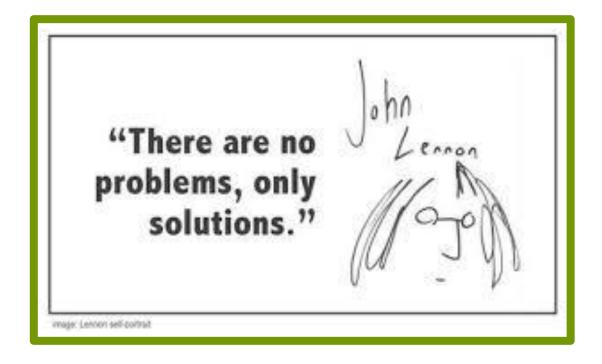
~Woody William~

- We defined our problem: Transfer students contributed to our disproportionality in the disability category of Other Health Impairment.
- We collected data related to the problem: CCEIS Team completed self assessment tool, reviewed individual students folders, reviewed child find procedures, reviewed evaluation/reevaluation processes, and reviewed eligibility determination procedures.

"When solving problems, dig at the roots instead of just hacking at the leaves"

~Anthony J. D'Angelo~

- We identified the causes of the problem and prioritized:
 - Child find team needs to carefully review grade-to-grade movement of students to determine early intervention needs.
 - Evaluation/Reevaluation teams need to ensure that all documentation for OHI is carefully reviewed, considered, and administered.
 - IEP teams need to consider all potential areas of eligibility in order to determine the most appropriate disability category for special education placement.



- We identified solutions to the underlying problem and implemented change:
 - LEA Supervisor and SPS maintain an active role in transfer conferences,
 EDR Conferences, and Child Find Activities
 - CCEIS Team adopted a data driven accountability system to ensure that early intervention processes are delivered with fidelity
 - RTI Teams have been encouraged to include the SPS when considering
 Tier 2 and 3 interventions
 - Utilize school psychology specialist (SPS) in schoolwide decision-making related to interventions

We are Monitoring and Sustaining:

- We are out of Dispro in 2020-21 school year!!!
- School administrators have embraced data driven accountability
- Special education staff members have been trained and responded to data driven training and curriculum (I Ready)
- You can do it too!



Data from Omaha

Fiscal Year	Risk Ratio
2017	???
2018	11.42
2019	13.44
2020	0

You can't fix it if you don't know what's wrong!

- We selected our Dispro team: LEA Supervisor, Principals (Elementary & High School), Special Ed Teachers (3), Counselors (1), and General education teacher (2).
- We began crunching the data: Pulled eSchool data: School Age Detail Information List (RPT 730-SIS); Cycle 4
 - Began review of 100% of students placed under category of ED
 - Drill deeper into the students identified as ED and asked multiple questions to find the "why"

- We defined our problem: It was 2 part: Any student with and evaluation results of ED was found eligible as ED no matter other criteria presented.
 Small population size and ZERO diversity.
- **DATA Frustration:** 100% of the school population is white.
- 100% of Special education population is also white
- That did not allow diversity amongst our general education or special education population.

- Only 4 students identified ED.
- Know what can be changed and what can't.
- Let go of what can't be changed.
- Focus on what can be changed.

We collected data related to the problem:
 CCEIS Team completed self assessment tool,
 reviewed individual students folders, reviewed child find procedures, reviewed evaluation/reevaluation processes, and reviewed eligibility determination procedures

We identified the causes of the problem and prioritized:

- Child find team needs to carefully look at early intervention needs including 504 plans, school based mental health needs.
- Evaluation/Reevaluation teams need to ensure that all documentation for ED is carefully reviewed, considered, and administered.
- IEP teams need to consider all potential areas of eligibility in order to determine the most appropriate disability category for special education placement.

- Looked at Data: The team looked at each student under the label of ED. Analyzed each student's data and designed specific instruction supports to move student out of need of support if possible.
- The team also considered: Existing Data. The team would determine if all data was current and if new data was needed.

- Most students were re-evaluated. The team then determined eligibility from the new evaluation. Most did not need services because they were receiving services in other ways (School Based Mental Health, 504, Co-teaching)
- All students are receiving Tier I instruction in the general education classroom.
- Early intervention services have focused on anxiety and coping with anxiety.
- Co-teaching is helping with this focus also.
- The one thing we could not change was the diversity of the population.

- We are Monitoring and Sustaining:
 - We are out of Dispro in 2020-21 school year!!!
 - School administrators have embraced data driven accountability
 - Growth Mindset
- You can do it too!

Lessons Learned

- Teamwork is essential. This is not a one person endeavor!
- Ask your administrators to the table. Their support is crucial.
- Organize! We used a 3 ring binder to keep all of our training materials, applications, folder reviews, and data in one place.
- Use thoughtfulness and planning for the future when completing the CCEIS application
- Continue having conversations with fellow educators- significant disproportionality can happen to any of us!

Want to Reach Us?

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We Want You to Remember....

During this unprecedented year, we are all struggling. We stand with you and want to you to know that:

https://youtu.be/NkDNp4ATCso